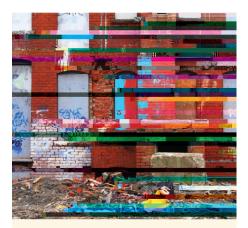


Creating The Healthiest Nation: Health and Educational Equity



SOCIAL AND ECOLOGICAL INEQUITIES

Key inequities include:

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ACHIEIVEMENT GAP: 2015–16 GRADUATION DISPARITIES 8.9.1



- In several states and Washington,
 D.C., white students were graduating at a 20% higher rate than their black and Hispanic peers.
- Disadvantaged groups also include students with disabilities (66%),
 English Language Learners (67%), and low-income students (78%).

Changing School Demographics

Socio-economically disadvantaged students are at highest risk of not graduating and are among the fastest-growing population. Public K-12 enrollment rates for Hispanic, Asian/Paci c Islander, and students of two or more races are increasing, while rates for

white and American Indian/Alaska Natives are decreasing. Black student enrollment remains constant!⁴ At the same time, more young people feel comfortable identify ing as lesbian, gay, bisexual, and transgender, and the percentage of all children in the United States who live with at least one immigrant parent is growing? To close achievement gaps, schools will have to meet the diversity of needs and backgrounds across the student population.

ADVANCING HEALTH AND EDUCATIONAL EQUITY

Public health practitioners are critical partners for advancing equity in school settings. They can offer upstream strategies and resources that are grounded in social justice and create opportunities for all students to achieve their full potential despite social disadvantages!^{7–20} APHA's Center for School, Health and Education is doing just that by supporting schools and their partners (school-based health centers, communities, institutions and systems) to work together to remove barriers to healthy outcomes and learning. With schools operating as the central coordinating hub where all resources are located, the Center's strategy operates across three levels: clinical interventions with individuals and groups, inside and outside of clinical settings; primary prevention targeting the whole school; and systems changes such as the revision or creation of policies and practices in the clinic, school, school district, community and beyond. Since 2013, the Center has reached over 600 professionals who have responsibility for over 15,000 students.

Individual and group strategies

- " Employing healing circles, group therapy or meditation throughout the day;
- " Staff supporting a GSA (Gay Straight Alliance, or Gender and Sexuality Alliance); and
- " Offering orientation workshops and interpretation services for new immigrants and English Language Learner families about the U.S. health care and education systems.



ACTION STEPS FOR SCHOOLS AND THEIR PARTNERS

- " Identify the social and environmental factors that impede school success and health.
- " Analyze & synthesize population-level outcomes.
- " Develop an action plan that responds to these impediments on three levels: in the individual child, in the school population, and through various policies and practices in the school, school district or community, etc.
- " Identify & coordinate partners and resources (i.e., public health, mental health, communities).

School-wide strategies

- " Helping students and families meet basic needs with de-stigmatized, universally accessible laundry facilities, showers, food pantries, paid internships, and life-skills training;
- " Providing students with outlets for aggression and anxiety (e.g., de-escalation rooms, mindfulness breaks and physical activity); and
- " Creating a peer mediation court to handle to disputes and/or disciplinary issues.

Systems strategies

- " Reviewing discriminatory school policies and advocating for shared decisionmaking with students;
- " Having a non-discrimination policy that explicitly includes sexual orientation and gender identity as protective classes; and
- " Offering ongoing culturally informed and population-speci c professional development for staff.

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